

THE HARTFORD HERALD.

Subscription \$1 Per Year, in Advance.

"I Come, the Herald of a Noisy World, the News of All Nations Lumbering at My Back."

All Kinds Job Printing Neatly Executed.

42d YEAR.

HARTFORD, KY., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, 1916.

NO. 12

TROOPS ARE YET TRAILING VILLA

Assisted By a Bunch Of
Carranza Men.

VILLA IS DOUBLING AROUND

But Uncle Sam's Men Seem To
Have Him Quite Certainly
Located.

CLASH NOW SEEKS IMMINENT

El Paso, Tex., March 20.—Villa has doubled east and south to Namiquipa, according to a telegram received by Gen. Gavira at Juarez to-day. He reports that Carranza troops are advancing from the south, while the Americans are continuing their march from the north in an effort to close the net around the bandit.

Gen. Gavira said he knew nothing of the American troops except that they are hard on the chase. Nor has he any details of the Carranzista troops co-operating in the movement. Col. Cano was the closest to Villa's fleeing rear guard at El Valle.

After leaving El Valle, where he had abandoned thirty of his wounded, Villa turned directly west to San Miguel Babricora, said Gavira, who explained that he had learned that the Babricora where Villa was reported yesterday was San Miguel Babricora and not the Babricora near the lake of that name, some miles further to the south of Mrs. Phoebe Hearst's ranch. San Miguel Babricora is about twenty miles west of El Valle. From that point Villa made a sudden twist and struck toward Namiquipa, forty miles south.

A clash between the Villista and Carranzista forces is imminent, according to advices received to-day through Gen. Vavira. Villa, fleeing south before the rapidly advancing American troops, is apparently trying to break through the Mexican-American cordon closing in on him. He is seeking a doophole in the direction of Namiquipa through which he can escape into the mountains around Guerrero and Santa Ana, the familiar ground where he began his bandit career.

The Carranzista are advancing north from Namiquipa forty miles from San Miguel Babricora, twenty miles west of El Valle, where Villa was reported yesterday. As the bandit is traveling south, a few hours should decide whether he can evade the troops of Gen. Carranza or be forced into either fighting them or doubling on his tracks.

Carranza After Raiders.

Mexico City, March 20.—The Minister of War, Gen. Obregon, has issued a decree declaring all participants in the Columbus raid outside the law. The decree gives the right to any citizen to apprehend and kill, if necessary, the followers of Villa who crossed the American frontier.

The first victim of this decree was summarily executed to-day in the city of Hermosillo, near which place he was captured by men who denounced him as one of the raiding party. The execution was carried out on direct orders of the Minister of War, who personally sent instructions to Gen. P. Elias Calles, Military Governor of Sonora, to that effect.

Another suspect, Carlos Reza, a former reactionary leader, was taken into custody but was not executed, owing to lack of evidence. He will be taken to Satillo, where he will be tried by court-martial.

The authorities declare that the efforts to run down the bandits will increase with time, and that the Government will not rest until all those guilty of crime against the United States have been run to earth. Gen. Pesqueira, Assistant Minister of War, has been in conference with his chief on the subject.

Villa Still At Large.

San Antonio, Tex., March 20.—Francisco Villa may be forced into the fight with American troops within the next thirty-six hours, if reports coming to Gen. Funston's headquarters, both from Gen. Pershing and from Mexican sources, are correct.

Gen. Pershing reported to-day that Villa had been reported defeated by Mexican Government troops

near Cruces, and that he was marching northward in retreat. Gen. Pershing's report, however, was followed by the unofficial report that Villa was still fighting at Namiquipa, south of Cruces.

Carranza's Poor Support.

El Paso, Tex., March 20.—The forces of Col. Cano were engaged in battle at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon with bandits led by Villa in Namiquipa, according to a dispatch received this afternoon by Gen. Gavira, Carranza commandant at Juarez. Namiquipa is in the district of Guerrero, State of Chihuahua. Col. Cano is in command of a force of 900 cavalry which came in contact two days ago at El Valle with Villa forces, which on this occasion, fled without giving battle.

Persons well informed here expressed the opinion to-night that the Carranza forces had failed to hold up their end of the net by which it was proposed to capture the chieftain. There were confirmatory reports of the news received for the last week that the Mexican troops were not only failing to co-operate with the American troops, but in certain instances, at least, were actually withdrawing.

PADUCAH'S LONE BANDIT MEETS VIOLENT DEATH

Paducah, Ky., March 18.—Harvey Kisinter, 20 years old, the lone bandit who had successfully "pulled" eight saloon and grocery robberies within the last two months, and who shot and killed Dick Iseman, a one-armed bystander in a saloon hold-up a month ago, was shot and killed to-night by Oscar Schmidt, a saloon man, when Kisinter tried to hold up his saloon.

Schmidt's bullet was fired during a moment when the bandit took his eyes off him to watch others in the saloon. The bullet plowed its way through Kisinter's brain. Death came in ten minutes.

Kisinter's face and hands were blacked with lamp-black and he had a piece of a woman's skirt tied around his face. He wore the same brown coat and overalls which distinguished him at his former robberies. He carried the old-fashioned 45-caliber Colt's gun in his belt with which he killed Iseman, but used a 38-caliber pistol in his attempted hold-up to-night. He had thirty-three extra cartridges in his pocket.

After his death he was positively identified as the murderer of Iseman.

All-Day Meeting.

The Young Women's Auxiliary of the Beaver Dam Baptist church announce an all-day meeting under their direction, to be held at the Beaver Dam church, Wednesday, March 28. We will have with us Miss Sallie Priest, returned missionary to China; Mrs. Kate Hinkle and Miss Mattie Wilson, State Workers. All Baptist women in the Ohio County Association are invited most cordially to attend, as it is a regular business meeting. Dinner will be served at the church.

The Y. W. A. also requests a correction of a statement made by our local correspondent here in regard to the piano purchased for the church. The Y. W. A. is a recognized organization of thirty-five members—young girls and young married women. We signed the contract to pay half on the instrument and present it to the church. The Ladies Aid signed for the remaining half.

MRS. ROBERT LEE CREAL

Receiver Makes Report.

Owensboro, Ky., March 20.—T.A. Pedley, receiver of the defunct Owensboro Savings Bank & Trust Company, which closed several years ago with liabilities amounting to nearly \$1,000,000, has reported that he has in his hands property of the bank valued at \$125,000. The Fern Hills coal property is valued at \$30,000. The receiver now has in his hands \$1,028. There has been paid out \$10,000 in attorneys' fees since the failure of the bank.

Wagonload Of Money.

That hemp in this county is higher than the proverbial "cat's back," and perhaps higher than was ever known in the history of this product, was well illustrated the other day, when Mr. A. H. Hager, of this county, bought one load, just an ordinary farm wagon load, which he has sold to Spears & Co., of this city, that brought him the sum of \$448. We call this "going some."

—[Lancaster Central Record.

A LAW PROVIDING FOR COMMISSION

To Handle Money Secured By Bond Issue.

FOUR MEN ARE TO BE NAMED

By Fiscal Court, Equally Divi- ded Between Dominant Political Parties.

MEN NAMED MUST GIVE BOND

One of the most important bills passed by the recent session of the Legislature, and which has become a law through an emergency clause attached to it, is that which affects the handling of money secured through a bond issue by commissioners appointed by the Fiscal Courts of the various counties.

The bill in full is as follows:

An act to enable the Fiscal Court of any county to select commissioners for the purpose of handling the proceeds of any bond issue voted by the county to build or reconstruct roads and bridges.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

1. That the Fiscal Court of any county in the Commonwealth may, if it so desires, select or appoint four or more commissioners who shall be free-holders and legal voters and residents of said county, to act as a road commission in the handling of any funds derived from the sale of bonds authorized and voted by the said county for the purpose of building and reconstructing roads and bridges; and which commissioners shall be equally divided between the two dominant political parties of the county. Said commission shall be selected at least 15 days before the date of the election on the question of the bond issue, and their names published in some newspaper of general circulation in the county; and if none, by three printed notices posted up one at the court house door and the other two at prominent places in the county.

Amend House bill 323 by inserting at the end of Section 1, the following: "Provided, however, that in any county that has already voted a bond issue or shall vote a bond issue before this bill takes effect, and the bonds voted have not been issued or sold, the Fiscal Court may elect to take advantage of the provisions of this act, and may appoint commissioners herein provided for, at any time without advertisement."

2. That in the event that the Fiscal Court of any county does select or appoint commissioners as aforesaid, that their duties in so far as the building and reconstruction and designation of roads to be built with the proceeds of the bond issue, shall be identical with those now exercised by the Fiscal Court.

3. That before entering upon the discharge of their duties, said commissioners shall each give a good and sufficient bond, approved by the county judge of the county, for the faithful discharge of their duties, and that the said commissioners shall be allowed a reasonable sum for their services by the Fiscal Court, to be paid by the Fiscal Court, but out of the county levy for road and bridge purposes.

4. That further, commissioners appointed under this act shall perform their duties subject to the supervision of the State Road Commissioner of the State Road Department, should the county so voting bonds take advantage of State aid or receive funds from the State of Kentucky in building public highways.

5. Emergency clause. And where as there are a number of counties in the State which desire to take advantage of the State aid law, and desire to hold elections under this act, an emergency is declared to exist for the passage of this law and this law shall take effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor.

Choice hand-packed Tomatoes, 90 cents per dozen. Cash without discount. This offer is for a limited time.

JOHN W. ROWE.

Centertown, Ky.

125 BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE

Each Family Allowed One Dog Free Of Taxation.

FISCAL COURT CAN ANTICIPATE

County Revenue and Borrow Money On Its Future Road Contracts.

TO BE LET TO LOWEST BIDDER

There were 125 bills to pass the General Assembly of Kentucky that adjourned last Wednesday morning.

Below is given a list of the more important measures:

Anti-pass act.

To provide for stenographer in State Inspector and Examiner's office.

To amend State adoption of textbooks, limiting changes to three branches in any one year.

To regulate time of holding Circuit Court in the Sixth district.

To make desertion of children under sixteen years of age a felony.

To create State Board of Accountancy and License Accountants.

To permit third-class cities to improve streets on the ten-year installment plan.

To permit competing telephone lines to consolidate, amending Section 201 of the Constitution.

Vance-Speer corrupt practice act. Hutchcraft substitute for the Greene anti-screen bill.

All of these measures have been approved by Governor Stanley.

To authorize co-operative assessment insurance companies to organize on stock or mutual plan.

To permit Fiscal Courts to appoint commissioners to handle road bond issue.

To provide for four clerks and five stenographers in the department of Education.

To provide for submission of question to substitute county commissioners for Fiscal Court at any general election.

Knight-Duffy workmen's compensation act.

To pay one-half claims for cattle killed on account of the foot and mouth disease.

To re-codify common school laws.

To provide for working convicts on highways and quarries and on farms.

To change name of Kentucky Institution for the Education of the Blind to Kentucky State School for Blind and provide \$20,000 appropriation.

Senator Zimmerman's bill to regulate lobbying.

To prohibit fishing except with line.

To fix non-resident hunting licenses and penalties for illegal hunting.

Senator Glenn's anti-trust bill.

To provide for paroles in discretion of prison board of prisoners, after serving half their sentence, or after eight years in cases of life imprisonment.

3. That before entering upon the discharge of their duties, said commissioners shall each give a good and sufficient bond, approved by the county judge of the county, for the faithful discharge of their duties, and that the said commissioners shall be allowed a reasonable sum for their services by the Fiscal Court, to be paid by the Fiscal Court, but out of the county levy for road and bridge purposes.

4. That further, commissioners appointed under this act shall perform their duties subject to the supervision of the State Road Commissioner of the State Road Department, should the county so voting bonds take advantage of State aid or receive funds from the State of Kentucky in building public highways.

5. Emergency clause. And where as there are a number of counties in the State which desire to take advantage of the State aid law, and desire to hold elections under this act, an emergency is declared to exist for the passage of this law and this law shall take effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor.

To require suits for malpractice to be filed within one year.

To authorize acceptance of gifts and trusts by Board of Education.

To prohibit pandering.

To permit graded school districts to levy 25-cent tax and poll tax.

To regulate corporations and prohibiting competing railroad lines from consolidating.

Pure food bill.

To revise fire insurance legislation.

To provide for agricultural ex-

tension work under Smith-Lever act.

To provide separate houses for girls at the House of Reform.

To provide for employment of prison officers and guards for terms of four years, beginning Sept. 1.

To appropriate \$15,000 for the Eastern State hospital.

To prohibit buying and selling patients by physicians.

*To permit Fiscal Courts to anticipate revenues and borrow money for less than 6 per cent.

To amend Section 3727a, Kentucky statutes, creating examining board for nurses.

To provide for interest-bearing state warrants with specified date of maturity.

To require mortgages to be filed before becoming valid against creditor without notice.

To provide for commitment to city workhouse of prisoners convicted of petit larceny in police court.

To provide for poll tax in third-class cities.

To permit taxpayers to pay their portion of special levy to redeem railroad bonds and be exonerated for liability.

To permit adjacent counties to maintain joint high schools.

To permit graded school districts with endowment to issue \$50,000 bonds to maintain high schools.

To permit use of highways by concerns producing electricity.

To authorize water power electric companies to exercise right of eminent domain.

To appropriate \$5,000 for two years to the illiteracy commission.

Pure seed bill.

To require co-operative or assessment life and casualty companies to have \$100,000 guarantee fund before doing business.

To appropriate \$3,500 monthly for Confederate home at Pewee Valley, instead of \$175 annual per capita.

To prohibit fraudulent advertisements.

To regulate assessment and co-operative fire insurance companies.

To make second violation of local option law a felony.

To authorize examiners appointed by superintendent of county where school is located to grant county teachers' certificates to normal school pupils.

To exempt one dog to head of each family.

THE BETTERMENT OF ROAD SYSTEM

In Kentucky Last Year
Made a Record.

OVER \$5,000,000 WAS SPENT

Dixie, Jackson, Boone and Dixie Bee Line Highways Outlined and Begun.

GOOD ROADS PROGRESS GROWS

The year 1915 will truly go down in Kentucky history as "Highway year." The good roads enthusiasm and its issues have overshadowed all other public improvements. A great number of highways and highway routes have been proposed; but the most important ones organized were the Dixie Highway, the Jackson Dixie Bee Line and the Boone Way. The last three of these highway projects have been fostered and organized within the State, or by Kentucky citizens.

The Dixie Highway, probably the most pretentious of national road movements developed during the year, was officially launched at the conference of Governors of the States interested, called at Chattanooga last April, by the Governor of Indiana. The system was designated by two commissions, each appointed by the Governors of the States—Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia and Florida.

THE DIXIE HIGHWAY.

This Highway is in two divisions, the eastern loop of which crosses the Bluegrass section of Kentucky from Ohio, via. Newport, Lexington, Richmond and Cumberland Gap. The western loop leads south from Louisville to Elizabethtown, Munfordville, Bowling Green, Russellville and Nashville.

The Dixie Highway has a mileage of 4,206. In the eight States it traverses 163 counties, and it will serve a territory with a population of almost forty million people. There are about one million automobile owners in this territory, and the Dixie Highway can reasonably expect to attract tourists. In the short history of the movement remarkable progress has been made, as evidenced by the reports received from fifty counties, which show that approximately \$5,000,000 has been expended, and appropriations during 1916 are being made to expend almost \$20,000,000.

JACKSON HIGHWAY.

The Jackson Highway was officially organized later in the year at Nashville, and it is a project leading from New Orleans to Louisville, and thence north, via. Indianapolis and Chicago, with the eastern division from Louisville to Buffalo, via. Lexington and Maysville, Ky., to Columbus and Cleveland. O. Peter Lee Atherton, of Louisville, is a founder of the Jackson Highway, and now heads it as its first president. A large percentage of this route, as designated, is now improved and great strides are being made toward completing the road system.

DIXIE BEE LINE.

Yet another route has been located across the State of Kentucky and named the Dixie Bee Line, starting from Chicago and going via. Evansville, Ind., and entering this State at Henderson, thence via. Hopkinsville and Guthrie to Nashville, and issues have been voted and are being sold preparatory to completing the route during 1916.

THE BOONE WAY.

of the most important high-positions to the people of Tennessee and North Carolina, this time, is the Boone being constructed from Gap northward, to the Kentucky system of this road has been routed land Gap to Louisville, a distance of 250 miles, via. Maysville, Pineville, Orchard, Danville, Lawrenceburg and Shelbyville.

There is a turn 155 miles, which is improved by every et which the highway pa ninety-five miles to be between Crab Orchard and Gap. Bond issues, a several hundred thousand for this have been voted, largely purpose. The construction under way, with the expen- ed in that the road will be complet the fall of this year.

PROPER TREATMENT FOR BILIOUSNESS.

For a long time Miss Lula Skelton, Churchville, N. Y., was bilious and had sick headache and dizzy spells. Chamberlain's Tablets were the only thing that gave her permanent relief. Obtainable everywhere. Advertisement.

Orchard last May. James Maret, of Mt. Vernon, Ky., is the president of the Boone Way Association, and to him goes the honor of being its founder. He proposes, during 1916, to route the Boone way southeast from Cumberland Gap to Mockville, N. C., the old home of Daniel Boone, who left that point on his memorable march in 1775 for Kentucky, acting as a guide for the Henderson Company, to establish a settlement, which became known as Boonesboro.

It is reasonable to expect that the year 1916 will see the completion of the eastern and western loops of the Dixie Highway and western loop of the Jackson Highway, practically through the entire State of Kentucky. Much of the contemplated improvement will be brought about through the State aid fund, these highways being designated largely as a part of the inter-county seat highway system.

Ten years ago, when the good roads movement was just beginning to enlist public support, approximately \$79,000,000 was expended by States, counties, towns and districts in the United States in furthering the cause of improved highways. Through the awakened appreciation of the advantages of good roads since that time the amount has jumped to \$335,000,000 for the last year. This includes the \$4,623,500 which, in round numbers, was spent in improving the Lincoln Highway. The Lincoln Highway is 3,389 miles long, while the United States has, as a whole, 2,240,000 miles of public roads, including the Lincoln Highway.

THE TRUE-AD. LAW ONE OF THE NEW ENACTMENTS

The Kentucky Legislature, in spite of its many sins and shortcomings, has this session done a few things worthy of commendation.

One of these commendable achievements is the new "true-ad. law," which makes it an offense punishable by fine or imprisonment for anyone to enjoy fraudulent advertising.

The full text of the new law is as follows:

Any person, firm, corporation or association, who, with intent to sell or in any wise dispose of merchandise, securities, service, or anything offered by such person, firm, corporation or association, directly or indirectly, to the public for sale or distribution, or with intent to increase the consumption thereof, or to induce the public in any manner to enter into any obligation relating thereto, or to acquire title thereto, or in any interest therein, makes, publishes, disseminates, circulates, or places before the public, or causes, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated or placed before the public in this State, in a newspaper or other publication or in the form of a book, notice, handbill, poster, bill, circular, pamphlet, or letter, or in any other way, an advertisement of any sort regarding merchandise, securities, service or anything so offered to the public, which advertisement contains any assertion, representation or statement of fact which is untrue or deceptive, on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$500, imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding ninety days, or both so fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the jury.

Keep Your Bowels Regular.
As everyone knows, the bowels are the sewerage system of the body, and it is of the greatest importance that they move once each day. If your bowels become constipated, take a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets just after supper and they will correct the disorder. Obtainable everywhere.

**100,000 PERSONS WENT
TO EUROPE LAST YEAR**

Washington, March 17.—Despite the perils of submarine warfare 400,000 persons crossed the Atlantic between American and European ports as passengers last year. Figures assembled here in the Bureau of Navigation show that 250,000 of them traveled on vessels owned by the belligerents.

Slightly more than half the Atlantic travelers were eastbound and Italian ships carried more than vessels of any other nation. Only 38,000 of the passengers traveled first-class. Two hundred and seventy thousand went in the steerage.

Proper Treatment For Biliousness.
For a long time Miss Lula Skelton, Churchville, N. Y., was bilious and had sick headache and dizzy spells. Chamberlain's Tablets were the only thing that gave her permanent relief. Obtainable everywhere. Advertisement.

The Proper Place.
Applicant—I've got a head full of ideas, sir, that would come in handy in the management of your business.

Boss (to nearby clerk)—Here, Jack, take this chap down to the unloading department.—[Judge.]

WAS EYE-WITNESS TO THE FIGHTING

Which Started Our Soldiers Into Mexico.

GIVES GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION

Villa Was In Front Of Her House
Directing Attack On
Americans.

A STORY OF PERILOUS TIMES

Mrs. James Pryor Castleman, of Louisville, saw Pancho Villa, the international outlaw and murderer, stand in front of her home during the attack upon Columbus, N. M., while she, revolver in hand, stood in the house for two hours, ready to defend her two young children and herself, and while her husband, Lieutenant Castleman, of Louisville, and his men were driving the overwhelming force of Mexican bandits from the border town.

Mrs. Castleman gave a graphic recital of the attack that has called for the punitive expedition into Mexico.

She went to Louisville from Columbus, and she and her children, David Pryor, aged six years, and Alice Tinsley, two years old, are with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tinsley, in the Weissinger-Gaulbert Apartments.

Villa remained in front of her home, said Mrs. Castleman, until Pablo Lopez, his chief lieutenant, was killed. Then Villa mounted his horse and escaped the fire of the outraged Americans by circling among the houses.

The value of Mrs. Castleman's account of the raid is two-fold, aside from the strong element of interest in the incidents she witnessed. It proves conclusively that Villa was at the head of the bandits, though he was careful to keep out of the range of the American regulars, when he saw the effect of their spirited resistance.

In relating how the vanguard of Villa's army silenced the American sentries near the town by knifing them to death, Mrs. Castleman first gave to the country an explanation of the success with which the murderous horde made its way to the heart of Columbus before civilians and soldiers were apprised of their crossing of the international line. The account is as follows:

"I had had a peculiar feeling all the night and had not slept well. At 4 o'clock I got up and opened the house. Mr. Castleman was out, being officer of the day. We lived right across the street from the camp. The camp is on the side nearest the Mexican border and the city on the other.

"At 4:30 o'clock I heard a shot, and I dressed myself and children. Then I heard the most awful shooting. Bullets just rained on the house. I put the children under the bed and got my pistol, for I said they would not take me alive and I would certainly get some of them if they came in.

"An awful half hour followed, in which I heard nothing but bullets and shouts of 'Viva Villa; death to Americans.' Then I heard the Mexican trumpets sound the onward march. Why they didn't get into our house I don't know.

"Soon I heard Mr. Castleman call and tell me to get next to the middle wall, and I did.

"Monday we had a rumor from a customs official that Villa was at Gibson's ranch, fifteen miles west of Columbus. We thought he would try to cross at Boco Grande, for there is a water hole there. Gen. Slocum sent two troops there to patrol the border and one troop to the Mexican gate, three miles south of Columbus.

"Tuesday a Mexican cowboy came and said Villa had captured the American Polomas cowboy and the manager of the ranch, but that he had promised not to kill them, as he wanted to manage to get across the border and go to Washington to see Gen. Scott. Gen. Scott always had a good effect on peculiar men like Villa. Gen. Slocum then increased the guard at each place with one patrol, leaving only three troops in camp.

"But Villa did not come by either the international gate or the water hole at Boco Grande. He cut the fence and came in between Gibson's ranch and the gate. He killed some sentries with knives, noiselessly; then set their horses loose. His men were right in the city before anybody knew it, and Mr. Castleman's shot was the first warning.

"Mr. Castleman stepped out of a house and a Villista threw his rifle

in his face. Evidently Mr. Castleman's sudden appearance frightened the Mexican, for, although he was at very close range, he fired his rifle and the bullet passed over Mr. Castleman's shoulder. Mr. Castleman killed the Mexican.

"Mr. Castleman went to the guardhouse and turned the guard out. Then he turned out Troop F and Troop H. Meanwhile the camp had been aroused. But Villa's men were already there. Some of the soldiers were killed before they got their guns.

"Lieut. J. P. Lucas in command of the machine guns, fought all through the battle barefooted. And this is why the machine guns failed to work, an answer to a question many have asked—the battle was in the dark, only two men could get to Lieut. Lucas; one of these, a sergeant, was killed, and he had only himself and another man, and in the dark he must have put the charge in wrong, for the gun jammed. The second machine gun worked.

"Villa was prepared. He had a list of officers and prominent citizens, and surrounded the homes of all of them. One who escaped was J. L. Greenwood, a banker, who lived three city blocks from our home. Mr. Greenwood heard the shooting and told his wife that since the Mexicans were already there, the best thing he could do would be to put her in an automobile and rush for aid. He left and notified a ranch house, but the wires were down, and he went on into Deming. In less than five minutes after he had left the Villistas were at his place to get him and make him turn over the bank treasure. Villa and Lopez, in front of our house, were waiting for Greenwood.

"The battle lasted till 7:30 o'clock and it was horrible. Mr. Castleman, who was in the Philippines and participated in many battles, said he had been in many tight places in his life, but this was the worst of all. The Mexicans outnumbered us six to one, at least, and I don't see how we won except that the Mexicans are cowards, and because of their bad aim. All the marks on my house—and it is full of bullets and bullet holes—are high. Our men all hit below the head, as we could see from the dead Mexicans in the street.

"The battle raged right in front of our gate. Six Mexicans were killed there. I think Mr. Castleman got more than the one who fired the first shot—I think he got twelve or more.

"Only sixty-five men, by actual count, followed the bandits into Mexico. There were 500 or more Villistas."

THE PRICE OF GASOLINE IS STEADILY CLIMBING

The price of gasoline is expected to climb to 40 cents by June. Before the war is over it may be 50 cents.

Nor is the consumer allowed to hope for any relief from increased production. According to the Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter:

"The domestic consumption of motor fuel within the last year is credited with an increase of at least 25 per cent, on which the advance in prices is chiefly justified by the refiners, since they claim the gain in consumption is well in excess of the growth in production, even with the aid of new distillation processes.

"The export trade is also cited as a bullish factor."

Why not cite it as the main factor?

Is it denied that the European market, with its present extortionate price scales, is what mainly boosts the cost of gasoline for the American consumer? The same thing has happened in the case of metals, chemicals and other materials for which the buyer in this country is expected to compete with the feverish demand of Europe.

All interests in the United States complain that there are not ships enough to carry gasoline they would like to send abroad. But they compensate themselves by getting war prices for it at home.—[New York Evening World.]

A pain in the side or back that catches you when you straighten up call for a rubbing application of Ballard's Snow Liniment. It relaxes the contracted muscles and permits ordinary bodily motion without suffering or inconvenience. Price 25c. 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Z. Wilbur Mitchell, Beaver Dam.

Advertisement.

Equal Rights Conference.
The National Congressional Campaign Conference of the Kentucky Equal Rights Association will be held in Louisville, March 27-28. Morning, afternoon and evening sessions will be held in the auditorium of The Seelbach, and it is thought that more than 1,000 women from all parts of the United States, but principally Kentucky, will be in attendance.

ODD CONVENTION OUTLOOK IS SEEN

For the Republican Party
At Chicago.

NOTED NEWSPAPER'S OPINION

Field Will Be Open For "Dark
Horses"—Prospects Are
Very Puzzling.

NO CANDIDATE IS NOW CERTAIN

Few can remember when delegates were chosen to national conventions more blindly, so far as Presidential candidates are concerned, than in the case of the Republicans in the present year. Of the primary campaigns which were so important in the spring of 1912 there are scarcely any in progress which arouse popular interest. Here in Massachusetts preparations are being made for a contest between Roosevelt and anti-Roosevelt men, but the State has still some way to go before becoming highly excited.

In the West where primaries for the election of delegates are to be held, the opportunities of the "favorite sons" seem excellent, and organization Republicans should have no serious difficulty in many States in choosing delegations to their liking. Mr. Roosevelt has again refused, through his private secretary, to permit his name to be used on a primary ballot—we refer to Illinois—and this attitude must virtually keep him out of every contest where the candidate's consent is required if he is to be in the official running.

The Republican National Convention will be a gathering of delegates in no real sense harmonizing in constitution with the pure democratic principle of the people's rule, of which so much was heard in 1912. It seemed at that time that the last delegate convention of the old style for nominating a Presidential ticket had been held in his country. Bossism was so sternly and bitterly rebuked by the 4,000,000 voters who supported Mr. Roosevelt's independent candidacy that not another convention whose delegates did not have definite instructions from the people seemed possible of realization.

Still less possible seemed a Roosevelt four years later who under any circumstances could accept a Republican Presidential nomination from a convention which was simply a convocation of leading politicians selected to deliberate on the best way to win an election.

Yet there is no other practical course to follow. Conditions are such that the old party machinery must be used. It is to-day impossible for the more far-sighted leaders to pick the Republican candidate best adapted to the political requirements of next summer and fall. To attempt to say who would be the most available Republican candidate is hopeless. One knows that Mr. Root would probably head a summons from the convention to lead the Republican party, but no one can venture to say that a summons to him would be wise, or in the least degree expedient. The same is true of Mr. Roosevelt, assuming that he would answer favorably a virtually unanimous call. The Hughes problem is unchanged and may remain so for several months. The "dark horses" may find comfort in the fact that the field, under these conditions, remains open to them.—[Springfield Republican.]

A Specific Against Colds.
The nearest thing to a specific against colds is a sleeping porch or open bed room and a cold sponge bath every morning when you first get up. Even then you will occasionally take a cold, especially when colds are epidemic, and when you do you will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a great help in enabling you to get rid of it. Try it. Obtainable everywhere.

**BURNS PROVE FATAL TO
A LEITCHFIELD WOMAN**

Leitchfield, Ky., March 16.—Mrs. Owen T. Yates, of this city, died at her home here early to-night from injuries sustained this morning from a burn. Friends had been hopeful throughout the day that her injuries might not prove fatal, but after nightfall she sank rapidly to the end. Her clothing caught fire while she was building a fire in the furnace this morning.

She was 45 years old and is survived by her husband, Owen T. Yates; a daughter, Frances Yates; her father, Capt. John E. Abraham, of Louisville, and several sisters and brothers.

Mr. Yates is a traveling salesman and is in the South on a business trip and cannot arrive here until morning.

His Last Word
Depressed Luncher—Have you an prussic acid?

Waitress—No, sir.
Depressed Luncher—Then bring me one of your steak and kidney puddings.

**MRS. SLACK'S LETTER
To Mothers of Delicate Children**

Palmyra, Pa.—"My little girl had a chronic cough and was so thin you could count her ribs and she had no appetite. Nothing we gave her seemed to help her, until one day Mrs. Neibert asked me to try Vinol, and now she is hungry all the time, her cough is gone, she is stouter and has a more healthy color. I wish every mother who has delicate children would try Vinol."—Mrs. ALFRED SLACK.

OUR SOLDIERS GO ACROSS BORDER

After Villa and His Mysterious Horde.

JOINED BY CARRANZA FORCE

On Other Side — Ordered To
Wipe Out Villa and His
Organization.

TAKE A WIRELESS APPARATUS

San Antonio, Tex., March 15.—Brigadier General John J. Pershing, with more than 4,000 troops, began the pursuit in Mexico to-day of Francisco Villa, whose raid across the border last week caused President Wilson and his Cabinet to decide to use the United States army to run him down.

Gen. Pershing's report that he and his command had crossed the international boundary line just south of Columbus reached Gen. Frederick Funston, in charge here of general operations, late to-day.

His report served to dispel to a great extent fears that had been entertained in some quarters that resistance would be offered by the troops of the de facto Government.

Col. Bertani, the commanding officer of the Carranza garrison at Palomas, on the south side of the dividing line, promptly joined Gen. Pershing. His force was only some 400 men, but they were reported to have displayed willingness and even eagerness to join in the chase. As a body the Mexican troops will remain under their own commander, but a number of them are being employed as scouts by Gen. Pershing.

Reports of progress in the country where the search has been begun will be made by Gen. Pershing to Gen. Funston, but it is not anticipated that these will be frequent or deal with any but the more important developments.

Gen. Pershing has gone into Mexico with orders to overtake and wipe out Villa and his organization. Unless orders to the contrary are received from those higher in authority than Gen. Funston the campaign that was begun to-day will continue until Villa is captured or killed.

This, it was said at Gen. Funston's headquarters to-night, is the idea of Gen. Pershing which he carried with him across the line. No limits have been placed on the field of operations. After the campaign is well under way, it was pointed out, circumstances may cause restrictions, but just now the troops are prepared to go anywhere to carry out the President's orders.

For communicating with Gen. Funston, Gen. Pershing has taken with him a wireless set. The field radiograms, it is expected, will be received at the El Paso station and forwarded here.

Trouble May Be Ahead.

El Paso, Tex., March 16.—The Seventh and Tenth cavalry, said to be advancing into Mexico by forced marches from Culberson's ranch near Hatchita, N. M., were nearing the Villa territory in the Casas Grandes region to-night, according to the most reliable information that could be obtained here.

These troops are reported to be marching with the minimum of equipment and to be led by scouts

from the Mormon colonies at Colonia Dublan and Colonia Morales. From their point of departure the distance is eighty-five miles to Casas Grandes and the start was made early yesterday morning. If Villa intends to offer any organized resistance to his pursuers it might be possible for United States soldiers to come in contact with his outposts very soon.

Harried By Snipers.

Columbus, N. M., March 16.—(By mail to El Paso).—While most of the reports reaching here unofficially to-day from the Mexican border indicated that the American troops in Mexico were unmolested in their advance, there also were reports that a few snipers had been encountered. There was nothing to show which of the American columns might have encountered them.

According to these reports, six or seven soldiers of the American expedition had been hit by snipers.

BOOTLEGGER MUST BE PUT OUT OF BUSINESS

The News extends its compliments to Representative Lee, to Senator Zimmerman and to the members of both branches of the Kentucky Legislature upon the passage by practically a unanimous vote, of the measure which makes the second conviction for bootlegging a felony. We do not believe that the 1916 Legislature has enacted many laws which will prove more beneficial to the State. Armed with such an effective weapon as the statute provides, there is no reason why the bootlegger shall not be put out of business.

When the new law becomes operative, however, let there be no sickly sentiment upon the part of the juries that he is being too harshly dealt with. Let no juror hesitate to find a bootlegger guilty because that juror knows that such verdict will send a man over to the penitentiary for what has formerly been a misdemeanor, and has been classed as a minor offense.

It is not within the province of jurors to pass upon the justice of any law of the Kentucky statutes. They hear the facts, together with the interpretation of the law as made by the court, and return the verdict in accordance therewith. A juror goes out of his bounds when he votes to acquit because he thinks the penalty prescribed is too severe.

The News has long believed that such a measure as the Lee-Zimmerman bill would effectively cope with a class of criminals which is most persistent and aggravating. We await the results with hope and confidence. —[Elizabethtown News.]

Herbine cures constipation and re-establishes regular bowel movements. Price 50c. Sold by Z. Wilbur Mitchell, Beaver Dam, in Advertisement.

What He Would Do.

As the subject of their weekly essay, the schoolmaster asked his pupils to say what they would do if they had \$1,000,000.

At once all heads were bent, save one, and pens scratched busily. The one exception was little Willie. He calmly sat doing nothing, twiddling his fingers and watching the flies on the ceiling.

At the end of the time the teacher collected the papers and Willie handed over a blank sheet.

"How's this, Willie?" asked the teacher. "Is this your essay? Why, all the others have written at least two sheets, while you do nothing?"

"Well," replied Willie, "that's what I would do if I were a millionaire!" —[Philadelphia Ledger.]

Subscribe for The Herald. \$1 a year.

AN OLD-TIME NURSE CURED

Of Catarrh of the Stomach by Peruna
MRS. SELENA TANNER,
Athens, Ohio.

This Cure Dates From October 3, 1899.

Oct. 3, 1899	— "Catarrh of the stomach. Was nearly starved. After taking Peruna I have a good appetite."
Sept. 11, 1904	— "I can assure you that I am still a friend of Peruna. My health is still good."
April 23, 1906	— "Yes, I am still a friend of Peruna. Will be as long as I live. I keep it in the house all the time."
Dec. 18, 1907	— "I recommend Peruna so often that they call me the Peruna doctor. Peruna recommends itself when once tried."
Dec. 27, 1908	— "I still tell everybody I can that Peruna is the best medicine in the world."
Aug. 15, 1909	— "Peruna saved my life years ago. I still take it when I have a cold."
Jan. 4, 1910	— "I was threatened with pneumonia. Peruna saved me."
May 17, 1912	— "I am glad to do anything I can for Peruna."
May 6, 1914	— "I have always been a nurse. Peruna has helped me in my work more than all other medicines."
Mar. 22, 1915	— "I have divided my bottle of Peruna with people many times. It always helps."

The above quotations give a vague glimpse of the correspondence we have had with Mrs. Tanner since 1899. Our files, which cover twenty-five years, include many similar correspondents.

FROM BEHIND BARS OF PRISON

Ohio County Man Writes
Inspiring Verse.

LOGAN P. MARTIN HIS NAME

Despite His Sordid Surroundings, He Gains Reputation
As Poet-Philosopher.

MOTHER IS IN THE POOR HOUSE

(John W. Petrie in Courier-Journal) In a cell of a distant Federal prison there is a Kentuckian who has proved himself a most remarkable man. Within the shadow of the gloomy walls and in the midst of his anguish, he heard God's song in the night. Despite his sordid surroundings—despite trials and tribulations which ordinarily would crush the best that is in a man, this prisoner suddenly felt an impulse to write. Obeying the call of his soul, he took his pen in hand and inspirational verse and prose began to flow from him like water from a spring.

Logan P. Martin, of Hartford, Ohio county, Ky., who also lived in Louisville for a time, is the Federal prisoner who now has gained for himself a reputation as a prisoner-philosopher. Martin was a motion-picture lecturer until five years ago. He unfortunately became tangled up in a post-office money-order, admitted he had committed a wrong and now is paying the penalty.

Martin is a small man, whose hair now is slightly tinged with silver. His small brown eyes betray a highly nervous temperament and the prison pallor shows on his face as a result of confinement during five long years. His frame is frail, but his hands are rough with hard labor, for he has been a stonemason in the stone shed.

But unlike the thousands of sordid natures in prison confinement, Martin has sought to better himself that he might be of use to society when the heavy iron gate clangs behind his back and he walks forth to breathe again the air of freedom.

He never had written until confined to the solitude of a prison cell. During the long, lonely hours of the night he began to think and study the soul and heart of man. He began to philosophize on life, and then there came upon him an impulse he had a message for the world.

His fame soon spread beyond the prison walls. Able literary critics said he was a genius. But the fame and reputation he was winning were poor substitutes for the comforts he wanted to purchase for his gray-haired mother—his genius was failing utterly to give her the attention in the stone shed.

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THE HARTFORD HERALD

UEBER MATTHEWS, FRANK L. FELIX,
EDITORS.
FRANK L. FELIX, Pub. and Prop'r

Entered at the Hartford post-office
as mail matter of the second class.

Taking experience as a guide and observation of events as a very efficient aid, the farmer this year should employ, more than ever before, diversification in the planting of his crops. The one-crop idea is a dangerous proceeding in the plan of marketing. A nice variety of staple products, with the aim of raising the best of its kind, would be more likely to reach the market at a profitable price. Indications now are that prices will be good on all farm products and the demand will probably take all that is raised. It's good business to raise a diversified crop.

At last our troops are in Mexico, with all the accoutrements and paraphernalia of war. True, it is a small band, but it can easily be very much enlarged upon. And yet the jingoes are not satisfied. They say President Wilson should have given orders of this sort sooner. Be that as it may, a part of our army is now in Mexico and the ultimate result cannot be foreseen. It is more than likely that warlike complications will set up which will compel us to conquer that country with an invading army. We are dealing with a treacherous nation and we cannot afford to back down now, no matter what the task may be.

One good thing which came out of the sitting of the recent Legislature and which is deserving of especial mention and commendation is the law which makes the second conviction for bootlegging a felony. A man may be convicted once for selling liquor illegally and escape with a small fine and light imprisonment, but the second conviction sends him to the penitentiary. A more righteous law was never enacted. The bootlegger or blind tiger is the bane of the "dry" districts of the State. He should now be quickly put out of business. With this new aid in maintaining the law, every official and law-abiding citizen should do his duty.

A more timely and vivid lesson of the unpreparedness of the United States for war could not have been conjectured than the recent little scrap at Columbus, New Mexico. For months our soldiers had been on guard along the international boundary line. It was supposed they were employing all due vigilance. No doubt they were, but Villa and a crowd of fellow bandits succeeded in attacking our forces with serious consequences. It took several days to get ready before U. S. soldiers were permitted to enter Mexico in pursuit of the bunch of outlaws. Taking this incident as a sample, what would happen to us under an attack of a quarter of a million of trained soldiers?

President Wilson has rounded out three years as the Nation's Chief Executive in most masterful and praiseworthy manner. Two things stand out prominently as accomplishments of his administration, viz:

1. A reorganization of the financial system of the country whereby the hand of Wall street has loosened its grip on the Government and on the business of the country.

2. A constant watchfulness whereby peace has been maintained with honor.

These and other commendable things he has done amidst the turmoil of war's perplexities and the gibes and strictures of a constantly present opposing political element and some discord in his own party. No President ever endured such bitter trials nor acquitted himself more creditably.

**\$131,914,000 WORTH OF
ANIMALS SOLD TO ALLIES**

Washington, March 20.—The United States shipped 678,443 horses and mules worth \$131,914,000 to Europe for the allied armies in the last year and a half, according to export figures assembled in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

During the whole of 1913 only a few more than 30,000 horses and mules went to Europe from the United States, but three months after hostilities began they were going at the rate of 30,000 a month. The steady flow reached its height last October when 56,000 were shipped.

Despite a diminished supply, the price of farm animals has dropped considerably within the last few months, which is explained by the statement that only the best horses left the country, lowering the

general standard, and also by the increased use of gas engines and automobiles. The average price January 1, 1916, was \$101.60 compared with \$103.15 a year ago and \$109.14 in 1914. The average price of animals supplied to the Allies was upwards of \$200.

**VIRGINIA CLAN LEADER
KILLED BY WILL McCRAW**

Roanoke, Va., March 18.—Jack Allen, last of the noted Allen clan of Carroll county, was shot and killed last night in the home of Mrs. Roberta Martin, five miles from Mount Airy, N. C., by Will McCraw, a blockader.

On his way home from Mount Airy, where he sold a wagonload of lumber, Allen stopped at Mrs. Martin's home to spend the night. After supper he and Mrs. Martin and a neighbor were sitting before the open fire talking, when McCraw came in and took part in the conversation.

Discussion of the Allen trials of three years ago, which resulted in some of the clan being put to death for the raid on the Hillsboro courthouse, led to a quarrel.

The women and their children ran from the room screaming. A shot rang out followed by another.

McCrack, hatless and with his overcoat, plunged from the house and disappeared.

Accompanied by some wagoners, who were camping in the neighborhood, the family returned to the house, and there found Jack Allen lying on the floor, his face in his own blood, and a bullet hole through his head.

Officers are hunting for McCraw. He is believed to be hiding with friends in the mountain wilderness.

**JUDGES DENIED RIGHT
REMITTENT OF FINES**

County Judges Will Be Held Responsible, Says the Attorney General.

Frankfort, Ky., March 18.—County Judges, who have remitted or suspended fines, will be held strictly accountable for the State's portion of the fines by State Inspector and Examiner Nat B. Sewell, who received an opinion to-day from Assistant Attorney General O. S. Hogan stating that, while a judge has the right in term to set aside judgment and grant a new trial, he has no authority to suspend or remit a fine.

It is customary in many counties for the County Judge, after sentence, to remit the fine or to suspend it, or to go to the jail and direct the release of a prisoner serving out a fine. This has been held to be a direct exercise of the pardoning power, which belongs alone to the Governor. County jailers, the opinion says, have no right to release a prisoner on such terms.

The opinion quotes the Court of Appeals, saying: "The practice of suspending the judgments of courts in misdemeanor cases is a failure to enforce the law; it encourages crime and is a menace to good government."

Inspector Sewell said judges must take steps to collect the fines and execute their judgments, or they will be required to pay the amount to the State Treasury.

NO JURISDICTION—CASE COMES TO OHIO COUNTY

Sunday's Owensboro Inquirer says:

"Hardin Tanner and Emless Farmer, two white men who were arrested by Deputy Sheriffs Troyer and Wathen on charges of stealing a pig from the pen of Dave Farmer, who lives in Ohio county, about six miles from the county line near Whiteside, were given an examining trial before Judge Lancaster Saturday morning and held for the arrival of Sheriff Keown to take the prisoners to Hartford, as the offense was not committed in Daviess county and Judge Lancaster held he had no jurisdiction in the matter. The defendants entered a plea of not guilty, but refused to go on the witness stand or introduce any testimony.

"In searching the premises of both Tanner and Farmer, the necessary parts of a whole "pig" were found by the officers. It was a white shooat that was stolen, according to Dave Farmer, an uncle of Emless Farmer. When the parts found were exhibited in court there was every evidence that it was a "white shooat," as the party cleaning the pig made a bad job of it, leaving a lot of the white hairs on the hide. Men testified that they tracked a buggy and mule to the home of the defendants, it being claimed they had ridden in the outfit the night of the alleged theft. Judge Lancaster ordered the meat salted down for future use as evidence against the defendants."

Hardin Tanner having been indicted in the Ohio Circuit Court, charged with malicious shooting with intent to kill, Sheriff S. O. Keown went to Owensboro Monday and arrested him under a bench warrant and brought him to Hartford Monday evening.

The writ charging Tanner and Farmer with grand larceny being transferred to Ohio county, Sheriff Keown also brought Farmer, together with the alleged stolen meat. The defendants were lodged in jail and taken before County Judge Jno. B. Wilson yesterday morning, when each of the defendants waived examining trial and bond was fixed at \$200 each. Failing to execute bond, they were remanded to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Thwarted By Effe Cult.

How has the effete cult of advancing civilization thwarted the pleasant pursuits of gentlemen. The following is an extract from a Frankfort, Ky., dispatch of yesterday:

"When a marshal of the Legislature attempted to draw a gun from his holster to-day on the floor of the lower House, several friends intervened and dragged the belligerent to the calmer outer air before he could unloose the weapon from its scabbard."—[New York Telegraph.]

A FEW DISTANCES AS COMPUTED IN MEXICO

Some idea of what it means to patrol the Mexican border can be gathered from the table below. And a further idea of what an invasion of Mexico as far south as Mexico City and east to Vera Cruz would mean, is shown. The distances, except where noted otherwise, are in straight lines. It must be understood that an army traveling along the easier routes would cover about twice as many miles as those given below.

Exposition officials are confident that the venture will have even a more successful year than it enjoyed last year. Many exhibits were brought intact from San Francisco at the close of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition last December. Twenty nations have installed exhibits.

end of the Mexican border the straight-line distances are: From Brownsville to Laredo, 225 miles; from Laredo to Del Rio, 150 miles; from Del Rio to El Paso, 350 miles; from El Paso to Bisbee, 225 miles; from Bisbee to Yuma, 300 miles.

Starting from El Paso the invading Americans would cover the following distances to Mexico City: El Paso to Chihuahua (by rail), 472 miles; Chihuahua to Torreon (by rail), 735 miles; Torreon to Zacatecas (straight line), 270 miles; Zacatecas to Mexico City (straight line) 365 miles; from Mexico City to Vera Cruz (by rail), 264 miles.

WHY PEOPLE OF THESE TWO NATIONS QUARREL

Prof. Frederick Starr, of the University of Chicago, in his book, "Mexico and the United States," says:

Why do the Mexicans hate us? Primarily and fundamentally because they are Spanish-Indian, while we are Anglo-Saxon. Our characteristics are profoundly different. Our ideas and our ideals are different. Our ways of looking at things are different. Our impulses are different.

The Latin-Americans are artistic, we are not. They are theoretical—they delight in the development of finished systems; we are practical. They are rhetorical, delighting in metaphors and figures of speech, we are blunt.

In an ideal world, perfect in its construction, they would admire us, and we would admire them, because of our difference. As it is, we do not live in an ideal world, and difference is damnable.

We despise the Mexicans because they differ from us, they hate us because we differ from them.

Naturally, because of difference, all foreigners (in Mexico) are looked upon with something of dislike and suspicion; but the difference in feeling between the Mexicans toward continental Europeans and ourselves is very marked.

"Kill" the Tin Cans.

Who would have thought that the tin can is a menace to the public health? The expert malaria investigators of the U. S. Public Health Service have found, however, that discarded tin cans containing rain water are breeding places for the mosquito which is the sole agent in spreading malaria. A hole in the bottom of the empty can might have resulted in the saving of a human life. Certainly it would have assisted in preventing a debilitating illness. Empty tin cans have no business about the premises anyway, but if we must so decorate our back yards, let's see to it that the can has a hole in the bottom.

Prosperous Business!
El Paso, Texas, March 19.—Juan Bilbao, an El Paso cattleman, has arrived here and says that he paid bandits \$1,500 ransom. He said he was captured a few miles south of the Texas border, some 200 miles east of here, by 25 men who claimed to be Villa followers.

Friends from El Paso took the ransom to him, and then, after receiving the money, Bilbao said some of his captors wanted to shoot him anyway.

The leader crossed into Texas with Bilbao, who said that this Mexican had \$10,000 in cash, all collected by the band from ranchmen.

Post-Office Robbery.

Covington, Ky., March 18.—United States Marshal Ford to-day arrested Beecher Blair, of Ludlow, and took him before United States Commissioner Bell on the charge of robbing a post-office at Sebree, Ky. The case was transferred to the Owensboro court, of the Western district of Kentucky. Blair's bond was placed at \$1,200. Ford alleges \$199.87 worth of stamps and about \$200 in cash were taken from the Sebree post-office last September.

Notice To Creditors.

Dundee Deposit Bank having been placed in the hands of the Banking Commissioner of Kentucky, all persons having claims against said bank (now in liquidation) are notified to present same, properly proven, to the undersigned at Dundee, Ky., on or before the 1st day of May, 1916. G. B. LIKENS, Special Deputy Banking Commissioner.

3113

Mr. W. E. Berry, living one and a half miles east of Hartford, was in our office yesterday and he informs us that he now is getting and shipping 1,800 eggs each week from his brood of 300 hens on Berry Bros. farm where he lives. An egg a day from 300 hens is going some.

Thomas Taggart was appointed last Monday by Gov. Ralston, of Indiana, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Benjamin F. Shively.

There are times when nothing speaks more eloquently than silence.

"Preparedness"

We are prepared as never before. Our present showing overshadows our most pretentious efforts in the past. Despite the unsettled condition of the fabric and dye markets, we are offering the most ravishingly beautiful array of

Spring Shades and Materials

that have ever been assembled under one roof.

You Are Invited

to stop in this week and view the charming collection of Ladies' Attire we have on sale, consisting of Ladies' Tailored Suits in Checks, Gaberdines and Serges; also dress goods of Ginghams, Percales, Lawns, Tub Silks, Crepes, plain and fancy Silks. Also Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Ladies' and Misses' Oxfords.

It's just the time of year, NOW, to see all the new ideas.

Coming in, aren't you?

Carson & Co.,

(Incorporated.)

HARTFORD, KY.

We Invite You to Call

and see our line of merchandise. We carry in stock a complete line of Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Notions, Millinery, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats, Caps, Carpets, Rugs, Furniture, Tinware, Graniteware, Queensware, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Saddles, Harness, Wagons, Buggies, Disc Harrows, Cultivators, Sulky Plows, Land Rollers, Pulverizers, Mowers, Rakes, and all kinds of Farm Implements. Also Fertilizers, Field Seed, Wire Fence, Barb Wire, Smooth Wire and Undertaker's Supplies.

Please call and see us.

Our motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Yours for business,

DUNDEE MERCANTILE CO.,

Incorporated

DUNDEE, KY.

Life and Farm Insurance!

SEE

S. P. MCKINNEY & SON,

BEAVER DAM, KY.

District managers for the Mutual Benefit of Newark, N. J., which is one of the oldest Mutual Companies doing business in this State.

They will also insure your property in old and well established companies doing business in this State. The best is none too good. When in need of life or fire insurance call them over either 'phone—the Cumberland or Home. Office in rear of R. T. Taylor's drug store, Beaver Dam.

38tf

Plenty of Good Reading

In The Herald and it You Costs Only One Dollar a Year.



We cordially invite you to be present at our

Spring Millinery Opening, On Saturday, March, 25, 1916.

Mrs. Mary Lynch is again with us this season, and will be pleased to show you the latest novelties in Spring Headwear. The entire day will be devoted exclusively to showing the NEW THINGS.

Your friends will be here. We invite you to meet them. You are welcome. Make our store your shopping place, and remember that

It Pays to Trade With a House That Saves You Money.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

LOCAL NEWS AND PERSONAL POINTS

There's a Photographer in Hartford.

Good Meals 25c.

CITY RESTAURANT.

Fresh Field Seed at J. W. Ford's Mill.

10tf

Mr. J. B. Iglesias has returned from a sojourn in the South.

For Cook Stoves and Ranges call on Acton Bros., Hartford, Ky.

Let the Herald quote you prices on your printed stationery—all kinds.

Mr. W. T. Woodward is visiting his sister, Mrs. Helen Carson, in Owensboro.

Mrs. R. H. Gillespie, who has been on the sick list for the past ten days, is improving.

Old newspapers for sale at The Herald office. Nice and clean—big bundle for 5c.

A few Rhode Island Red Cockerels, \$1.00 each.

JAMES H. WILLIAMS,

Hartford, Ky.

Get your Fertilizer, Field Seed and Farming Implements from

D. L. D. SANDERFUR,

Beaver Dam, Ky.

For Sale—One pair of good work mules, harness and wagon.

EZRA GORMAN,

Beaver Dam, Ky.

Just Received a carload of American Wire Fencing. None better. Prices right.

10tf U. S. CARSON.

Miss Beatrice Haynes won the handsome gown given away in the Ohio County Drug Co.'s voting contest.

Editor Al Barnett returned Monday from a business trip to Nashville, Tenn., where he also visited relatives.

Wanted—A few pupils to finish up a class in shorthand and typewriting. See Mrs. Arthur Petty for particulars.

Postmaster Martin observed St. Patrick's Day last Thursday all right. All the one-cent postage stamps he sold that day were green.

For Sale—About 250 bushels of corn near Oloton. For further particulars see or write

F. L. FELIX,

Hartford, Ky.

12tf

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F. L

THE HARTFORD HERALD

125 MEASURES WERE
ENACTED BY ASSEMBLY

Just Closed—Appropriations Of
the Legislature Approx-
imate \$121,000.

Frankfort, Ky., March 15.—One hundred and twenty-five bills, including the anti-pass, anti-lobby, anti-trust, workmen's compensation, fire insurance and other far-reaching measures, were enacted by the 1916 General Assembly that was adjourned sine die at 5:04 o'clock this morning, five hours and four minutes after the time fixed by the Constitution for final adjournment. The House and Senate clocks, by which the clerks are guided in writing their journals, were stopped at 11:45 o'clock Tuesday night, however, and were not started again until sharp blows of the gavel held by the Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate, respectively, indicated that the 1916 session of the Kentucky Legislature was a thing of history.

Bills signed by the Governor today were the anti-lobby and anti-trust measures; that carrying an appropriation for the Confederate Home at Pewee Valley; that giving the State Railroad Commission supervision over telephone, telegraph, express and steamboat companies; that requiring employers to pay employees twice a month; the Huffaker fire insurance act; that providing a fund for co-operation with the Federal Department of Agriculture in extension work through the University of Kentucky, and that protecting railroad rights of way from condemnation for use of other corporations.

Gov. Stanley is arranging to devote all his spare time during the next few days and nights to reading bills. He looked as fresh and wide awake when he reached the capitol to-day, shortly before noon, as though he had not gone through an unusual strain. He was in his office all of Tuesday night, not leaving it until nearly 6 o'clock this morning.

During the session just closed bills providing for the appropriation of \$121,000, including \$15,000 for the Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Lexington, \$20,000 for the Kentucky Institute for the Blind in Louisville, \$10,000 for the Kentucky Illiteracy Commission, \$8,000 for the Kentucky Normal and Industrial School for Colored Persons, and approximately \$68,000 for use in reimbursing persons for losses sustained through the slaughter of cattle during a crusade against the foot and mouth disease in Kentucky, were passed.

Bills and Authors.

Of the 125 bills enacted—thirty-three more than were passed during the last session of the Legislature—ten were introduced by Senator T. A. Combs, of Lexington; five each by Senators Huffaker, of Louisville, and Glenn, of Lyon county; four by Senator Williams, of Greenup county; three each by Senators Robertson, Louisville; Zimmerman, Bullitt county; Stricklett, Covington; Knight, Louisville, and Representatives Hutchcraft, Bourbon county; Perry, Louisville, and Duffy, Louisville; two each by Senators Taylor, Green county; Speer, Frankfort; Montgomery, Casey county; Huntsman, Bowling Green; Rogers, Todd county; Frost, Graves county; Trigg, Barren county; Helm, Newport, and Representatives Ryans, Louisville; Hobbs, Lexington; Pickett, Shelbyville; J. S. Webb, Letcher county; W. M. Webb, Johnson county; Greene, Carrollton; L. M. Smith, Harrodsburg; Crowe, Lagrange; Nichols, Fayette county; Lee, Hardin county; Young, Warren county; Duncan, Henderson, and Meyers, Covington; one each by Senators Overstreet, Owensboro; Evans, Lee county; Littrell, Owen county; Hiles, Bracken county; Peak, Trimble county, and Representatives Pegg, Montgomery county; Durham, Washington county; Cook, Christian county; Vance, Barren county; Treadaway, Paducah; Dobbs, Monticello; Cary, McLean county; Kauffman, Garrard county; Radcliffe, Henry county; E. D. Smith, Scott

MORE CONSCIENCE CASH
IS SENT TO UNCLE SAM

Encloses \$30,000 In Envelope—
Last Installment Of Pay-
ments of \$80,000.

Washington, March 17.—A \$30,000 contribution to the Treasury's conscience fund, the largest ever received, came by to-day's mail in a registered package mailed yesterday morning in New York. Under separate cover came a letter unsigned, dated Philadelphia, but mailed in New York, which announced the sending of the \$30,000 and explained that the sender had restored to the Government \$80,000 in all.

The money came in a strong linen envelope and was wrapped in a layer of thick brown paper. There were eighty-five \$100 bills, twenty-one \$500 bills and eleven \$1,000 bills. Most of them were gold certificates.

The conscience fund on March 1 had reached a total of \$459,933. The largest previous contribution was one of \$18,000, the sender of which admitted that he had been guilty of customs frauds. The letter that accompanied to-day's contribution read as follows:

"In a separate package I am sending you \$30,000 to be added to the Conscience Fund. This amount makes a sum aggregating \$80,000 which I have sent the United States, or four times the amount which I stole years ago. I have hesitated about sending all this money because I think it does not really belong to the Government, but conscience has given me no rest until I have consummated the four-fold return like the publican of old. May every thief understand the awfulness of the sin of stealing, is the sincere wish of a penitent.

"Let no one claim any of this amount on any pretext."

Pays Mourners In Will.

The will of William Gernhardt, a real estate operator who lived at 123 Lake avenue, filed to-day in Surrogate Sawyer's Court, makes provisions for the reimbursement of certain mourners who lost a day's wages through attending his funeral services. These mourners are members of the Yonkers Teutonic Society.

Mr. Gernhardt also provided that tenants of his apartments should be given rent free for two months and those who have occupied apartments for five years or more are to have six months free.—[Yonkers Cor. New York Sun.]

The Weather Man.

The weather-man lay dying; it was only a matter of a few hours, the doctor said.

Motioning to his sobbing friends, he waited until they had crowded around his bed to listen to his last words.

He gave careful directions for the disposition of his belongings, and outlined the general features of his funeral, then he murmured:

"And I want you to put up a nice tombstone for me, with these words carved on it: 'Probably Cooler.'—[Judge.]

For classy job printing—The Herald

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

HAVE YOU BEEN SICK?

Then you realize the utter weakness that robs ambition, destroys appetite, and makes work a burden.

To restore that strength and stamina that is so essential, nothing has ever equaled or compared with Scott's Emulsion, because its strength-sustaining nourishment invigorates the blood to distribute energy throughout the body while its tonic value sharpens the appetite and restores health in a natural, permanent way.

If you are run down, tired, nervous, overworked or lack strength, get Scott's Emulsion to-day. It is free from alcohol.

For class job printing—The Herald

THE POSSIBILITIES OF
INVADING OUR COUNTRY

Some Figures Which Show the Great Necessity of National Preparedness.

The War College has published a list of the possibilities of invasion of the United States, showing the number of men that each of the great Powers could transport to these shores in its merchant fleet and the time it would take to do this; also, the time that would elapse before this first expedition could be re-enforced and the number of re-enforcements that could be brought on a second trip. It is assumed that 50 per cent of the merchant fleet of each nation would be available for the first expedition.

By this table it appears that England could land her whole home standing army of 170,000 men on our shores within two weeks. France could send 161,000 men in 16 days, Germany 387,000 men in 16 days, Italy 91,000 men in 18 days, Austria 72,000 men in 20 days, Japan 95,000 men in 23 days. Each of these Powers, except Britain, could send a larger force the second time than the first, for there would be time to gather a larger proportion of its shipping. Germany, for example, could send 440,000 men on the second trip and Japan 142,000.

The possibility of war with England is too small to be reckoned, for many reasons, among which may be counted the objections of Canada. A clash with France is equally unlikely, besides which the French navy is inferior to ours. So is that of Italy, so is that of Austria—if Austria were alone. But the German navy is much stronger than ours, and the Japanese navy might easily get control of the Pacific for a considerable period by a timely explosion at Panama.

With the help of this "accident" Japan could land 237,000 veteran and fully equipped soldiers on our Pacific Coast in 63 days. Without any help whatever, save freedom from troubles near home, Germany could land \$27,000 veterans on our Atlantic coast in 46 days. And not more than 40,000 first-line American troops could be massed to meet such a horde!

Surely, in the face of such figures, the need of preparedness must be clear to every one not registered as a lunatic or a pacifist. We must have the second strongest fleet in the world, and then, to guard against mishap at sea or the league of two Powers against us, we must be able to meet an invader with at least 500,000 men who have had military training.—[Chicago Journal.]

GIRL'S MOTHER SHOULD
WATCH HER YOUNG MAN

"Give your daughter's young man more than 'the once over,'" is the sage if slangy admonition of Rev. G. W. Grinton, of New York City, after commenting on the case of Marion Lambert. This is a day of cosmopolitans and social readjustments.

The old community customs are upset by new social mechanism. Young women meet strange young men at every tea, dansant, every party, through innumerable school friends and social functions, and very often in street-corner flirtations.

Social enthusiasms run with greater velocity than ever before. The "nice" young girl's range of acquaintances is wider than in previous world history. And there is no society Dun or Bradstreet as yet for fearsome mothers who would like to know the young men who take daughter automobiling, dancing, skating, walking, golfing and to the theater or motion picture shows.

Small wonder that more social tragedies like the Orpet-Lambert affair are not recorded in the public prints.—[Detroit Free Press.]

A Great Combination Offer.

The Hartford Herald, regular price per year, \$1.00; The Youth's Companion, regular price per year, \$2.00. The regular price per year for the two papers, \$3.00. In blocks of 5 subscriptions for each, we will send a copy of each to 5 different parties, each one year for \$12.00. Good on new or renewals. Get busy and get up a club of 5 for each paper and remit \$12 to The Herald and we will do the rest. 10t.

Some Job.

The man in the next flat was pounding on the wall.

"Look here," he cried. "I can't sleep with that kid yelling like that, if you don't make him stop, I will."

"Come right in," said the baby's father. "You'll be as welcome as the flowers in spring."

The plain, unvarnished truth is better than questionable rhetoric.

STANDING GUARD
OVER THE
WHOLE FAMILY

Rexall Orderlies

The laxative tablet
with the pleasant taste

Protects every member of the family from Constipation—the enemy of good health

We have the exclusive selling rights
for this great laxative

The Rexall Store

JAMES H. WILLIAMS



The Proof

DON'T accept claims or opinions. Every man selling an automobile will tell you his car can be run at low cost.

He'll tell you this because he knows and you know that gasoline, oil and tires are costing more and more all the time. He knows and you should know that the operating cost of any automobile during five years' time is worth your careful consideration.

We don't give you any guesswork. We tell you what we know. We state the facts and figures—proved and verified figures. Here they are:

Maxwell World's Non-Stop Record Facts	
Miles without a motor stop.....	22,023
Average miles per day (44 days).....	500.6
Miles per gallon of gasoline.....	21.28
Miles per gallon of oil.....	400
Average miles per tire.....	9,871

Most Maxwell owners get even better results than these but we are just giving the actual figures set when the Maxwell stock touring car broke the World's Motor Non-Stop Record.

When you get your Maxwell you can be sure it will give you economical service—probably far more economical than these figures indicate. But to be sure that you can get your Maxwell, ORDER NOW.

If you prefer, make a small deposit and pay the balance as you use the car.

Touring Car, \$655
Roadster, \$635
Prices F. O. B. Detroit



HARTFORD MOTOR CO.,

Hartford, Ky.

DISTRIBUTORS FOR

Maxwell

Hartford Herald—Only \$1 Per Year
SUBSCRIBE NOW!

WAR PRICES

4 Good Ones - 2 Stallions - 2 Jacks - 4 Good Ones
The Celebrated Stallions and Jacks



LEO BEAUTY

Reg. No. 12015.

Will make the season of 1916 at my breeding stable in Fordsville, Ky., and will serve mares at \$10.00 to insure colt to stand and suck. Money due when colt is foaled or mare parted with without my consent. Leo Beauty is a black Percheron with star in forehead, 16 hands high, weight about 1,550 pounds. He possesses all the style and action that any one could desire. His conditions are perfect and a good quiet, nice performer and a very intelligent horse. He has proven himself a sure breeder and a great producer of fine colts. They possess lots of style and action. With size and condition, will make just what you are looking for and what the market is demanding. It is calling for more size than the most of stallions will produce. This stallion Leo Beauty has got more high priced colts at weaning time than any stallion in this part of Kentucky. Lots of his colts bring at weaning time \$100 and some of his coming two-year-olds are selling for \$150 each. If you never saw this stallion it will be worth your time to see him before you breed. The above is an exact picture of Leo Beauty.

ALEX H.

Reg. No. 31702.

Standard Trotting-bred Stallion.

Will also make the season of 1916 at the above named place at \$10.00 to insure colt to stand and suck. Money due when colt is foaled or mare parted with.

ALEX H. is one of the best trotting-bred stallions in this part of Kentucky. Dark bay, white feet, 16 hands high, weight 1,250 pounds. He has no equal as a breeder of high class horses. He has proven himself to be the sire of some of the highest priced horses ever bred in this part of Kentucky, and some of the fastest trotters and pacers ever produced in Kentucky, some showing a time of 2:7 pacing, 2:13 1/4 trotting. Can show you some farm horses that trot a three-minute gait in harness. Put them under saddle and they are good saddle horses. ALEX H. is a five-gaited stallion and if you want something good, come and see my stock.



SPANISH KING

Reg. No. 9504.

Will also be found at the above named place. Will stand at \$8.00 to insure a colt to stand and suck. Money is strictly due when colt is foaled or mare parted with.

SPANISH KING is a black jack, 8 years old, white points, 15 1/2 hands high, weight 1,150 pounds, big feet, large bone, fine head and ears, good heavy body with lots of style and action. Stands upon his feet like a St. Louis mule. He is absolutely one of the best breeders ever seen in this part of the country. June Harrison, of Reynolds Station, Ky., who moved from Daviess county here, sold one pair of his mules on the 16th day of March, 1915, for \$390.00 in cash. He surely must be a fine breeder for one pair of young mules to bring that price now. This is one of the best jacks in this part of Kentucky. He was bred in Illinois by Robert King Green and sold to Jim Hamilton, of Daviess county, as a 3-year-old, for \$850.00 in cash. He is a high bred jack and will get you a seller—and with the size.

GRAY JIM

Will also be found at the above named place and will stand at \$5.00 to insure a colt to stand and suck. He is coming 5-year-old and is a gray jack, 14 hands high, and gets good colts for a jack of his size. He got several \$60.00 mules last season. He is above the average jack as a breeder and in fact you can't beat any of the four at the price. Remember the best is always the cheapest in the long run. So if you are interested in good stock, come and see me and my stock before you breed, for they are second to none in this part of Kentucky.

They are bred right, look right, act right, and breed right. Care taken to prevent accidents but not responsible should any occur.

CHAS. E. MILLER,
FORDSVILLE, KY.

VERDUN'S IMPORTANCE
AS A STRATEGIC POINT

Has Long Been Used As a National Stronghold In Defense Of France.

The furious and prolonged attacks which the Germans have been making on Verdun give some impression of the importance of this French stronghold. Verdun has been regarded as one of the two great pillars of the French frontier defenses. The other is Belfort. Verdun lies on the Meuse, and on the main line of the Paris-Metz railway. Verdun and Metz are opposing strongholds, and each is a base of operations. It is presumed from the vigor of the German offensive that the central powers are willing to pay a terrible price for possession of the French post. From its position on the Meuse heights, Verdun guards the gates of the upper Meuse valley leading into the heart of some of the richest country in France. Behind and to the south of the fortifications are the entrenched camps of Toul and Epinal, the secondary line of defense for the support of either Verdun or Belfort.

Verdun consists of twenty forts and thirty small works, not including the many engineering projects for defense and offense completed since the opposing armies entrenched on the present line. The concrete and steel defenses, at least in part, are the result of the lessons learned by German bombardments in Belgium. Many of them have been especially constructed to withstand the worst assaults of the heaviest artillery. Early in the present war Verdun stood as a pivot of protection for France when the Germans poured over the border and threatened Paris.

Verdun's growth as a fortress dates from the Franco-Prussian war. Even during that conflict it was a tower of strength to the French. In 1875 Gen. Serre de la Riviere included Verdun as a part of the fortifications along the upper Meuse line. From that time on Verdun has been strengthened. On virtually all sides it presents an array of defenses, barbed wire entanglements and smaller forts. The fall of Douaumont must be of course.

a serious blow to Verdun. But the whole system of protection is such as to make the line automatically close in case one point is destroyed. For the Germans to carry Verdun or the French Metz—it would be necessary for the storming armies to reduce, one after the other, a series of twenty or thirty forts, being subjected the while to the concentrated fire of the defenders.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

Four per cent of the inhabitants of certain sections of the South have malaria?

The United States Public Health Service has trapped 615,744 rodents in New Orleans in the past 18 months?

The careless sneezer is the great grip spreader?

Open air is the best spring tonic? Typhoid fever is a disease peculiar to man?

Measles kill over 11,000 American children annually?

There has not been a single case of yellow fever in the United States since 1905?

For Your Child's Cough.

If your child has a cold, nose runs or coughs much, get small bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It's a pleasant Pine-Tar-Honey syrup, just what children like and just the medicine to soothe the cough and check the cold. After taking, children stop fretting, sleep good and are soon entirely well. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. 25c at your druggist.

Advertisement.

"Get Busy."

This paper will present to the parents of the first born within the corporate limits of Barnesville in the year 1917 an order for a full outfit of baby clothes, including a "French Ivory" rattle for quieting purposes. This offer will be good to all alike—white, black, old or teresting contest. The attending physician is to furnish the time of birth. Get busy!—[Barnesville (O.) Whetstone.

The Court Of Last Resort.

Around the stove of the cross-roads grocery is the real court of last resort, for it finally overrules all others. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been brought before this court in almost every cross-roads grocery in this country, and has always received a favorable verdict. It is in the country where man expects to receive full value for his money that this remedy is most appreciated. Obtainable everywhere.

ARMENIANS FACE DEATH
WITH UNSHAKEN FAITH

There Are Nearly a Million Victims Of Turkey's Heartless Policy.

From time to time fresh chapters from the awful story of Turkey's effort to exterminate the Armenians slip through to America, chiefly through the agency of missionaries representing the American Board (Congregational) in Turkey and Armenia. Nearly a million Armenian Christians are said already to have perished at the hands of the Turks or through exposure and starvation. The Christian fortitude and unshaken faith with which multitudes of these unfortunate have gone to their tragic death will make a wonderful tale of heroism if it is ever written. A letter just received from a missionary who has been a witness of their sufferings and courage, tells something of the heartbreaking but inspiring story:

"Miss _____ and I saw the departure of hundreds of Armenians into hopeless exile. It was heartbreaking and too awful even to imagine in detail, yet we praise God that we were permitted to see the spirit of Christian faith manifested by so many in this the darkest period of Armenian history. There may have been examples of hardened hearts, of utter loss of faith, and of cursing against God, but we did not see any. How often, on the contrary, did we pray with streaming eyes, beseeching God to keep their faith and ours sure! How often did men and women clasp our hands at parting and say: 'Let God's will be done. We have no other hope.'

"An Armenian Protestant preacher came to our compound just before leaving and asked that with the girls and teachers we might all have worship together. His young wife, unable to travel, was left to our care. Whether they will ever be reunited no one can tell. With perfect calmness he read from God's Word and prayed God's protection upon us who were left behind. Then after a hymn, 'He Leadeth Me,' he went out, perhaps never to return."

If you are in a hurry, avoid the train of thought.

TANLAC SECURES
HIGHEST RECORD

Quality Tells the Interesting Story of This Extraordinary Medicine.

No other medicine ever has approached the wonderful record of Tanlac. Its success is a romance of the staid business world—a success built on merit so unusual that in just nine months after Tanlac had been introduced, one million bottles had been sold to men and women who had learned its superior qualities for the relief of ailments of the stomach, liver and kidneys and catarrhal affections.

Tanlac appeals to the best people everywhere. These are the men and women who judge intelligently and impartially, and the result always is a Tanlac verdict. Upon the endorsement of many thousands of well known people rests the great and secure popularity of Tanlac.

Those who take Tanlac always return for the second bottle because the first few doses establish its merits. Tanlac is so efficient and pure, it at once makes known its value in derangements of the stomach, indigestion, upset nerves and debility.

Tanlac, that has come to be generally known as the Master Medicine, may now be obtained in Hartford at the Ohio County Drug Co., where it is explained daily to many people.

Tanlac may be obtained in the following nearby towns: Beaver Dam, Z. Wilbur Mitchell; Centertown, L. C. Morton & Son; McHenry, Williams Coal Co.; Cervalvo, C. R. Fulkerson; Cromwell, Wallace & Porter; Banock, Cook & Co.; Rockport, Harrel Bros.; Nelson, Nelson Creek Coal Co.; Livermore, J. F. Smith; Island, A. R. Pollock; Dundee, C. C. King; Fordsville, J. D. Cooper.

ATTENTION
DRUGGIST—STORE KEEPERS
An exclusive Tanlac agent is wanted in every town, village and cross-roads in this county. For particulars and advertising plans, please address Cooper Medicine Company, Dayton, Ohio.

Advertisement.

THE LEADING STATES
PROPERLY SUMMARIZED

Connecticut—The home of the original Yankee, now peopled by insurance agents and New Haven officials who are trying to live down the past. Also where pure Havanas come from.

Alabama—A Legislature that meets every four years, whether the State demands it or not, and where child laborers meet every morning.

Illinois—A piece of land held in reserve by the city of Chicago for future golf links.

Massachusetts—The alleged home of the highbrow. In reality, a voting booth for newly landed immigrants.

New York—A small body of fans, entirely surrounded by debt.

New Jersey—A place that once had a reputation for good roads, had corporations and Woodrow Wilson; now living on its past.

California—A part of Japan temporarily held by the United States.

Ohio—A place where the Presidential candidates don't come from.—[Life.

Dangers Of Draft.

Drafts feel best when we are hot and perspiring, just then they are most dangerous, and the result is neuralgia, stiff neck, sore muscles or sometimes an attack of rheumatism. In such cases apply Sloan's Liniment. It stimulates circulation to the sore and painful part. The blood flows freely and in a short time the stiffness and pain leave. Those suffering from neuralgia or rheumatic headaches will find one or two applications of Sloan's Liniment will give grateful relief. The agonizing pain gives way to a tingling sensation of comfort and warmth and quiet rest and sleep is possible. Good for neuritis too. Price 25c at your druggist.

Advertisement.

WANTED—PARENTS, ON
EVE OF HIS MARRIAGE

Ray Frederic Ide, of Philadelphia, on his wedding eve, is seeking information in this section which will reveal the identity of his parents. So far as ascertained he was born Frederic Stimson Dove, in Elmira, September 24, 1896. He was adopted by Mr. and Mrs. James Curtis Ide when eight days old. Where his parents were is unknown. Fourteen years ago Mrs. Ide died. To her daughter, Mrs. John Deininger, of 922 Green street, Philadelphia, on her deathbed she confided the se-

cret that Ray was not their own son, but instructed her to keep the secret and rear Ray as her brother.

The secret was kept until a few days ago, when Mrs. Deininger imparted the information to him because of his approaching marriage. The shock proved severe to him and caused a nervous breakdown. A search is being made in this vicinity by the police for evidence that will settle the question before the arrival of his wedding day.—[Binghamton (N. Y.) Dispatch to Philadelphia Inquirer.

SOME PEOPLE WHO ARE
INSURED FOR MILLIONS

The most heavily insured man in the world, according to newspaper records, is Rodman Wanamaker, who several years ago increased his life insurance to \$4,500,000. His annual premium on that amount is estimated to be about \$125,000. When he added \$1,000,000 insurance to his policies in 1911, baking the \$4,500,000 total, he was even then the most heavily insured man, even topping the late King Edward VII. Others who carry large insurance policies are Geo. E. Nicholson, Kansas City, \$2,000,000; John Wanamaker, \$1,500,000; Mrs. Finley J. Shepard, formerly Miss Helen Gould, \$1,000,000; Mrs. Leland Stanford, John M. Mack, of Philadelphia, and perhaps a dozen other Americans, about \$1,000,000 each.—[Chicago Journal.

Master Commissioner's Sale, Ohio Circuit Court, Kentucky. Lula Cox, Executrix, et al., Plaintiffs vs. Bessie C. Smith, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court, rendered at the February term, 1916, in the above cause for the purpose of dividing the proceeds arising from the sale of the real estate herein amongst the parties in interest as their interests appear herein, after paying the — costs herein I will offer for sale by public auction at the court house door in Hartford, on Monday, the 3d day of April, 1916, about one o'clock p. m. upon a credit of six months, the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land in Ohio county, Kentucky, bounded as follows: Beginning at a black gum, sassafras, beech and dogwood (gone), W. M. Heflin's S. W. corner, in Bessie Cox's line; thence with her line S. 7 E. 57.15 poles to a stake, black oak and small white oak, pointers; thence N. 83 1/2 E. 70 poles to three beeches, his corner in Heflin's line; thence with his line S. 82 W. 70 poles to the beginning, containing 25 acres, more or less.

The net interest of the defendant, Inez Cox, shall not be paid by the purchaser, but shall remain a lien upon the said property bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum from date of sale until the said Inez Cox becomes twenty-one years old or until such time as her guardian shall execute bond as required by law.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved security immediately after sale.

This 14th day of March, 1916.
OTTO C. MARTIN,
1113 Master Commissioner.
Lawrence Tanner, Glenn & Sherman, Attorneys.

Colds Quickly Relieved.

Many people cough and cough—from the beginning of fall right through to spring. Others get cold after cold. Take Dr. King's New Discovery and you will get almost immediate relief. It checks your cold, stops the racking, rasping, tissue-tearing cough, heals the inflammation, soothes the raw tubes. Easy to take, antiseptic and healing. Get a 50c bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and keep it in the house. "It is certainly a great medicine and I keep a bottle of it continually on hand," writes W. C. Jesseman, Franconia, N. H. Money back if not satisfied but it nearly always helps.

Advertisement.

An Expensive Visit.

A physician tells this story of a bright boy, his own, who had reached the mature age of 9, after an early career marked by wild and mischievous pranks.

His restless nature had made him somewhat of a torment to his teacher at times, and one afternoon not long ago she kept him after the others were dismissed and had a serious talk with him. Perhaps she was a little afraid that her admonitions were falling on stony ground. Anyhow, she finally said:

"I certainly will have to ask your father to come and see me."

"Don't do it," said the boy.

The teacher thought she had made an impression.

"Yes," she repeated, "I must send for your father."

"You better not," said the boy.

"Why not?" inquired the teacher.

"Cause he charges \$2 a visit," said the scamp.

Take Herbin for indigestion. It relieves the pain in a few minutes and forces the fermented matter which causes the misery into the bowels where it is expelled. Price 25c.

Advertisement.

MERCHANT GIVES THANKS

Hartford Dealer Tells of Trouble
From Weak Kidneys.

When our own citizens come forward, as Mr. King has here, and tell about their experiences, with Doan's Kidney Pills, it gives other Hartford people faith in the remedy and a desire to try it. That's just why Mr. King has made this statement—he wants his fellow-townsmen to know how he was relieved. This testimony furnishes a good reason for you at least to try Doan's Kidney Pills.

S. L. King, proprietor Hardware store, Hartford, Ky., says: "I had pains across my back and finally I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills. They certainly helped me. I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills highly to anyone in need of a

THE HARTFORD HERALD

L. & N. R. R. TIME TABLE.

114	115
p.m. Lv. Earlington Ar.	p.m.
2:00 " Madisonville Ar.	12:30
2:50 " Bremen Lv.	10:55
5:00 " Moorman "	10:40
5:35 " Centertown "	9:15
5:55 " Hartford "	8:45
6:30 " Sunnydale "	8:15
6:40 Lv. Dundee "	7:55
7:00 Ar. Elkhorn Lv.	7:35
Mixed trains—Daily except Sunday.	

AMERICANS IN MEXICO
ARE BECOMING UNEASYA Steady Stream Of People
Crossing the Border into
United States.

El Paso, Tex., March 19.—Rapidly growing uneasiness among Americans throughout Mexico, especially in the north and west, was evidenced here by reports from various sections that United States citizens were either on their way to the border or were preparing to leave.

At practically every point of entry along the northern and northwestern frontier Americans arrived to-day from the interior. In the majority of instances they said they were leaving Mexico as a matter of precaution and not because of any overt acts of hostility against them.

The most significant report was received from Durango, where the American vice consul advised that his wife and child be sent out of the country. This followed closely on the arrival last night on the border of the American consul from Torreon with a large number of Americans.

Americans brought numerous disquieting stories about the attitude of the Mexicans in the interior, especially in Chihuahua, Durango and Coahuila, but invariably they told these stories privately, and when asked to make any statement for publication, insisted that everything was quiet in the section from which they came.

They explained they expected to return to Mexico when things became more settled and they did not wish to say anything which might arouse resentment of the Mexicans. An American who arrived to-day from the city of Chihuahua reported that all was quiet there yesterday.

The Mexican consulate here received a telegram to-day from Gen. Calles, military Governor of Sonora, saying that a Villa spy, R. Panabi, had been arrested at Dos Cabezas. It is alleged that this man was in Columbus on the night of the raid. He said that Villa had fled after the raid to Corralitos, where he murdered several cowboys and seized a number of horses. He then started for Galeana by way of Puerto Choco.

CHRISTIAN ROAD BOND
ISSUE CARRIED EASILY

Hopkinsville, Ky., March 18.—There is great rejoicing among the advocates of good roads in this region over the result of the \$400,000 bond issue election held to-day in Christian county. The proposition carried by a majority of 3,127 votes. With all precincts reported the vote stood for bonds, 4,607; against bonds, 1,480.

Only three precincts out of thirty-two gave majorities against the bond issue. The city of Hopkinsville gave a majority of 1,109 for it.

The bonds are voted under the State aid law and under an enabling act passed by the last Legislature.

The funds will be managed by a commission of eight citizens, every

section of the county being represented. The commission was named at a mass meeting of citizens and ratified by the Fiscal Court. By request of the Fiscal Court the Good Roads Bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture has assigned an expert road builder, J. A. Whittaker, who is already at work on a roads survey of the county and will advise with the commission as to the scientific construction of pikes.

BEAVER DAM.

March 20.—Mrs. Eliza Jane Taylor, mother of Messrs. Everett and Dick Taylor, is having her a cottage home erected on South 3d street. Mrs. Taylor spent a year with her daughter who lives in South Dakota. From there she visited her son, Coffey Taylor, in Birmingham, Ala., but the old home land is the best. She will spend the evening of life with her children and grandchildren in Beaver Dam.

Noble Taylor has bought 8 acres of land from James Taylor, situated a half mile from town on the Morgantown road. He has contracted with Mose Maddox to erect him a four-room cottage, where he will make his home in the future.

Mason Taylor and son shipped a carload of stock from Beaver Dam last Friday.

Rev. C. D. Chick, of Louisville, was visiting relatives in town the week-end and occupied the pulpit in Rev. R. L. Creal's place Sunday.

Rev. Worth Wade, of Morgantown, preached at the Baptist church Sunday evening.

Miss Era Gardner, Glendale, Ky., spent the week-end in town visiting her many friends and stopping with Miss Myra Flener.

Mr. Bowen Bell, of Glendale, Ky., on his return from a business trip to Louisiana, stopped off a few days in Beaver Dam to visit his best girl.

On last Wednesday evening first team W. K. S. basket ball played the Madisonville team. The game resulted in favor of Beaver Dam 10 to 3. Two games were played Saturday evening. The second team W. K. S. boys played the McHenry boys. The Beaver Dam teams were winners by a small margin. Also the girl team of the W. K. S., after resting two years, played the McHenry girl team. After a hard contest the Beaver Dam girls were winners by 21 to 13. The Beaver Dam girls that played were Elmer Hoover, Rose Jackson, Altha Williams, Bess Alford and Nell Plummer.

CLEAR RUN.

March 20.—Sunday School has been organized here with L. B. Tichener as superintendent. School will begin first Sunday in April.

Mr. Roy Bartlett, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ishmael Bartlett, who was taken to Owensboro last week and had an operation performed, was getting along nicely when last heard from. Mrs. Clarence Patton is growing weaker.

Mr. Connor Ford, of Bowling Green, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hoagland.

Misses Zoda and Susie Raymond, of Adaburg, spent last week with their sister, Mrs. Ira D. Funk.

Mr. Forrest Salmon, of Utica, visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Tom Lowe and family, of Washington, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Funk Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. Alvy Kirk made a trip to Nocreek Sunday.

Kentuckians at the Front.

Washington, March 20.—Among the officers of cavalry and other regiments of the United States army who are now engaged in the man hunt for Villa, and who were born in Kentucky, are the following:

First Lieut. James Castleman, Thirteenth Cavalry; First Lieut. Charles L. Stevenson, Fifteenth Cavalry; First Lieut. William C. McCord, First Cavalry; Lieut. Col. Daniel L. Tate, Capt. Clarence R. Day, Second Lieut. Victor M. White-side and Capt. Kerr T. Riggs, Fifth Cavalry. Major Edmund S. Wright, First Cavalry, was born in Georgia, but was appointed from Kentucky.

Capt. Riggs, according to army records, has done distinguished work during his service.

Some men are regular in their habits—but their habits are fierce.

There is a Real Difference

Cream of tartar, derived from grapes, is used in Royal Baking Powder because it is the best and most healthful ingredient known for the purpose.

Phosphate and alum, which are derived from mineral sources, are used in some baking powders, instead of cream of tartar, because they are cheaper.

If you have been induced to use baking powders made from alum or phosphate, use Royal Baking Powder instead. You will be pleased with the results and the difference in the quality of the food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

THE HARTFORD HERALD

We Are Well Prepared

Our Buyers are All Back from the Great Central Markets.

Preparedness has been our watchword. The biggest stock of merchandise that ever came into this store is at your service.

With prices advancing in leaps and bounds on every class of merchandise, early buying will be very profitable. Nothing can be duplicated at present prices. Provide yourself with the season's necessities NOW and save the difference.

Our New Coats and Coat Suits

are ready for your inspection. The styles are different and the qualities will give you satisfaction in fit and service. BUY EARLY.

Our New Men's and Boys' Suits

will meet the approval of the most exacting. We have as usual made special effort in our Models and Grades for young men. Young Men, BUY EARLY.

Our Millinery Department

is all aglow with Spring Newness. All the new, good things in shapes and trimmings are represented. Our Ladies await your pleasure with the best the country affords.

TAKE IT ALL IN ALL,

we are very proud of the big purchases we have made for Spring. We want you to see them, and that's all we are going to ask you to do. Come and take time enough to look the stock over carefully. The buying question will be left entirely to your own good taste and judgment.

E. P. Barnes & Brother

Beaver Dam, Kentucky.

ROCKPORT.

March 20.—Ernie Curtis sent a fine lot of hogs to the Evansville market Saturday night.

J. C. Williams bought the Poole property at the foot of Main street. Consideration private. Mr. Williams now owns the whole square between Main and Cemetery streets, and Shop Alley and the railroad.

We hear a deal of talk about hard times, but it looks like there is a "nigger in the woodpile" when we see non-essentials like automobiles being shipped in by the carload. There was a carload transferred here destined to Morgantown and one carload left at Rockport for sale, this week, and they tell me there will be little trouble in disposing of the machines as soon as the roads will permit the use of them.

The last of the series of entertainments by the Coit Lyceum Bureau of Cleveland, Ohio, was given at Masonic hall Saturday night by Mr. Wood Briggs, story-teller. The house was full and the entertainment seemed to be pleasing to all. There were quite a lot of out-of-town people at the lecture.

Miss Iona Taylor, of Beaver Dam, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Z. Harrel, this week.

Miss _____ Shultz, who is teaching at Lewisburg, Ky., spent the week-end with her sister, Miss Eu-nice Shultz.

Miss _____ Park, of near Hartford, is visiting Miss Hazel Everly this week.

The Rev. Nisbet, of Louisville, filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church Sunday night.

RALPH.

March 18.—Quarterly meeting was held here Monday, March 13th, by Bro. J. T. Rushing, of Owensboro, Ky.

Master Hatha Moseley, of Oklahoma, Ky., spent Saturday night and Sunday with Master Willie Patton, of this place.

Miss Dona Ralph, of Sunnydale, spent from Saturday until Monday with her cousin, Miss Leathel Patton, of this place.

Mr. Alonso Ralph, of near Dundee, and Miss Harriet Midkiff, of Adaburg, were united in marriage at the home of the bride Sunday, March 12, by Rev. J. P. Vanhoy, of Dundee. They have the best wishes of their many friends for a happy married life.

If you have been induced to use baking powders made from alum or phosphate, use Royal Baking Powder instead. You will be pleased with the results and the difference in the quality of the food.

Rather a rare burglar raid was

OLATON.

March 20.—Mr. John D. Cooksey, residing one mile east of Olaton, one of our very best citizens, died last Thursday and was buried in the Cooksey burying grounds Friday, after funeral services conducted by Rev. Vanhoy. The large number in attendance at the funeral attested

Mr. C. C. Moseley went to Dundee on business Thursday.

Mr. J. C. Ralph and son, of Sun-dale, are here to-day.

Mr. Alvin Ralph and Master Wil-He Patto visited their cousin, Jimmie Ralph, of Sunnydale, Saturday night and Sunday.

CERALVO.

March 20.—Mr. Tom Allen, living near here, died last Wednesday. After funeral services the following day, by Rev. J. B. Rayburn, he was buried at the Fulkerson graveyard. He leaves a wife and four children.

Miss Emma B. Fulkerson is visiting friends and relatives at Kirtley.

The residence of Mr. W. S. Hill was destroyed by fire last Friday night. Part of the household goods were saved. He had a small insurance.

Mr. W. P. Barnard visited Mr. L. P. Lambert and family, of Olaton, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. W. S. Hill and little son Douglas are visiting relatives at Rockport.

Mrs. Kate Cundiff, of Cleaton, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Matthews, near here.

Mrs. Will Everly is visiting relatives at Paradise.

PRENTISS.

March 18.—Mr. John Pollock and family moved from White Plains to this neighborhood recently.

Dr. E. W. Patterson, of Louisville, was in this vicinity last Saturday and Sunday, to see his mother, Mrs. Wm. Patterson, who has been sick for some time.

Mr. Shelby Brown, who has been sick for some time, is slowly improving.

Mrs. A. C. Stevens was called this week to see her brother, Mr. Garfield Barnard, near Bremen, who was thought to be very sick.

Mr. Henry Havens and Mrs. Josie Brown were married at Rev. Gordon's one day this week.

Mrs. Agnes Patterson is visiting her sister near here.

For classy job printing—The Herald

church, South, for fifty-five years. William Daniel sold 23 nice shoots to Young & Cummings last week for \$157.

Mr. Lee Patterson is on the sick list. He has been confined to his bed several days. He has la grippe and is also suffering from heart trouble.

Several from here are going to Muhlenberg county, Ky., to work in timber for Bond Bros.

We had a fight here Saturday night during the meeting. It seems that the party who got his face bruised up in the fight is the only known participant. He says he does not know who struck him.

Rev. F. M. Farris is on the sick list.

BENNETT'S.

March 20.—Mr. Grant Patton, who had been ill for some time, died at his home in the Ricketts' neighborhood Saturday morning. His death had been expected for several days.

Messrs. Arnold and Leonard Wallace, John Wheeler and Herman Midkiff left here for Illinois last Wednesday. They were looking for work.

Mrs. Rhea Daniel has been visiting her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Daniel, of Horton.

Mrs. Antha Tatum and little daughter Artie have been visiting her sister, Mrs. Fred Tatum, of Simsmon.

Mr. and Mrs. Alford Borah, of Central Grove, spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Maples, of this place.

Messrs. Leslie Stewart and Gabriel Porter, of Central Grove, spent last Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Maples.

Mr. Clarence McSherry, of Beaver Dam, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Will Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Tatum, of Simsmon, spent Sunday with Mrs. Antha Tatum.

Potatoes For Sale.
Early about 40 or 50 bushels of Early Ohio Irish Potatoes for sale.

1012 F. L. FELIX.

Hartford Herald, Only \$1 Year